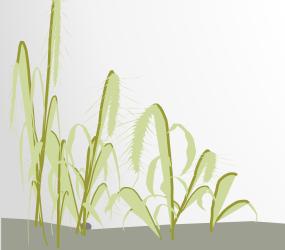
Organisms and the Ecology of FLORA & FAUNA

Dr Chris Workman







Long term history of the Area

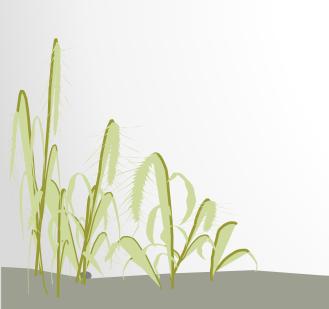
How did the habitats 'arrive'?

What habitats does the 'Nature Reserve' want?

How do we manage the area to develop the area?

The habitats

- Grassland
- Woodland
- Hedges
- Stream / Ponds





How did they get there?

- Succession of plants (animals & microorganisms)
 over time created ancient woodland
- Clearing of the woods fire, cutting, grazing, ploughing
- Maintenance since medieval times as grazing.



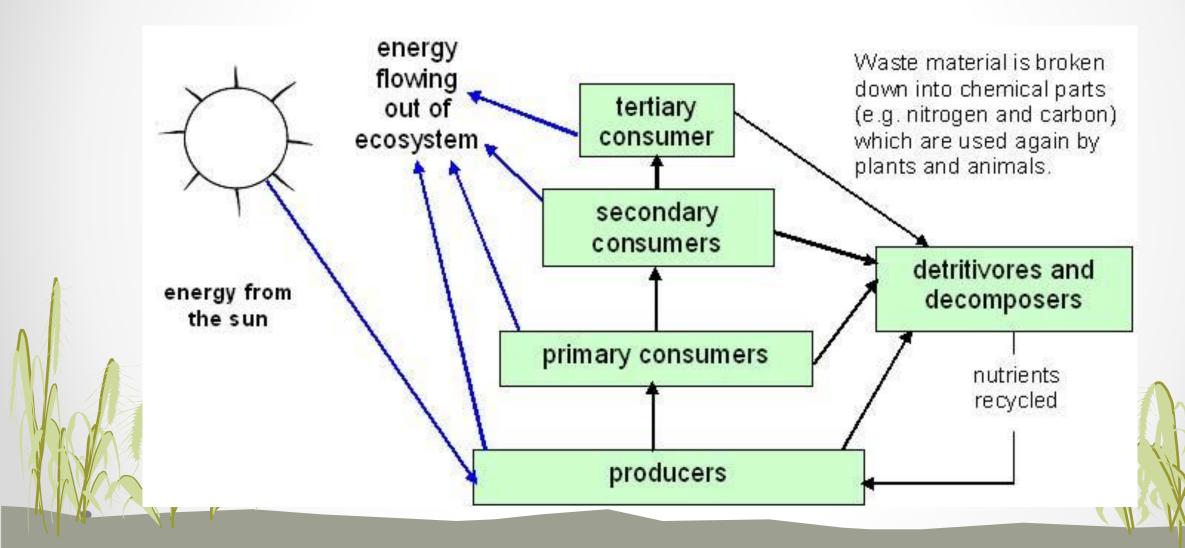
Fauna & Flora



A way of thinking about the plants



How does the 'ecosystem' work?



Agricultural vs Aesthetic

Monoculture – high productivity

Polyculture – low productivity





The producers - plants

- Increase diversity
- Lower productivity
- Increase 'detritus'





Humus in the soil





Fertilisers

Artificial

Organic







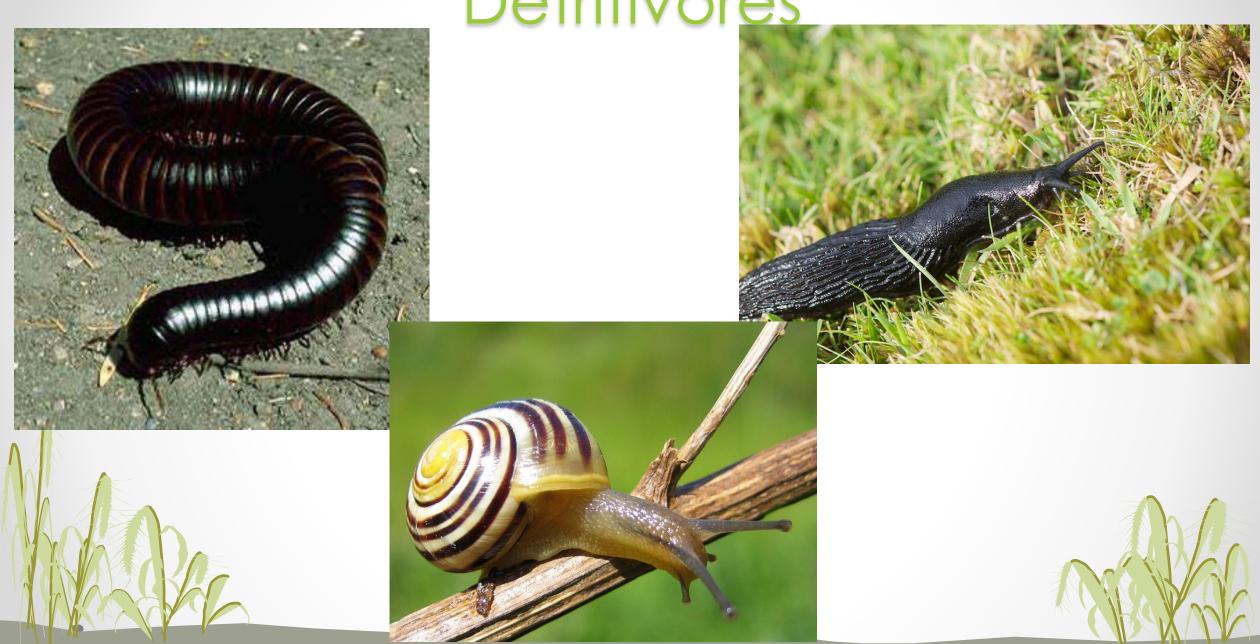
Detritivores



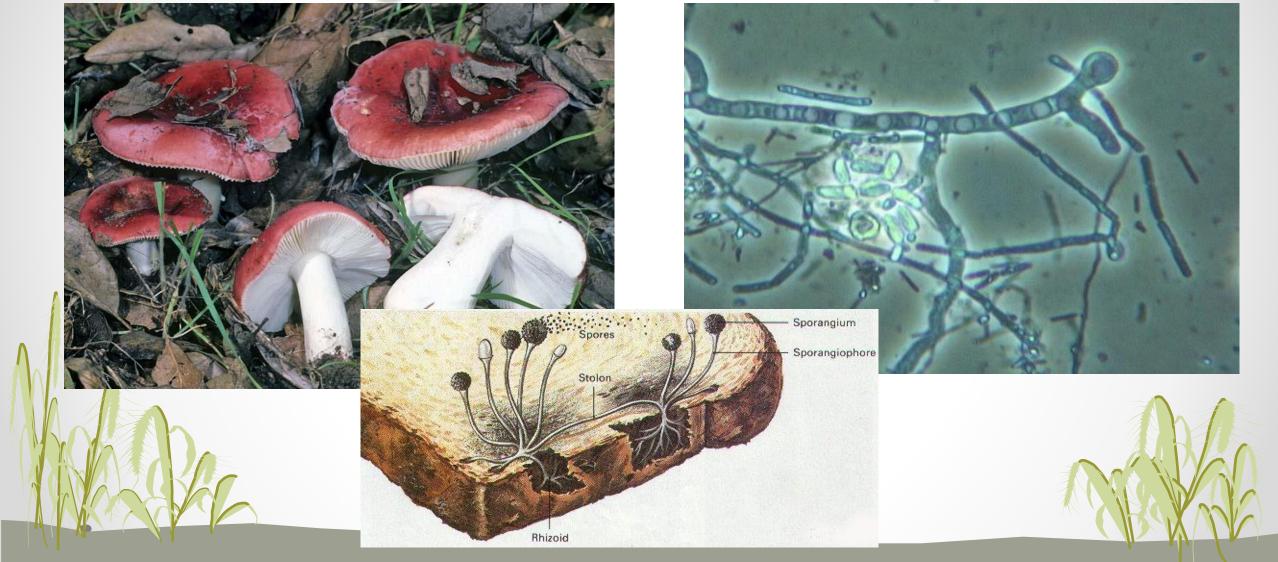




Detritivor<u>es</u>



Micro-organisms & decomposition



Micro-organisms and decomposition



Invertebrates feeding on 'soil' (humus & fungi)









Feeding on flowers – pollinators?



Plant sap suckers





















Insectivores







Large predators



Habitat diversity = Species diversity



Woodland systems



Woodland habitats

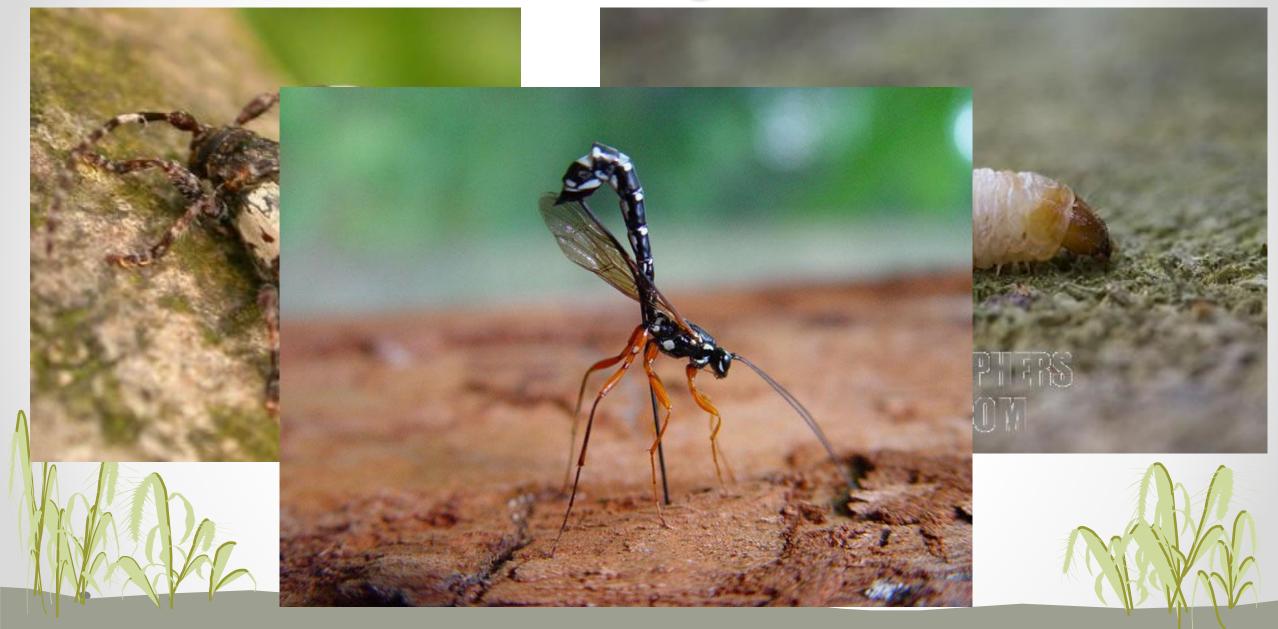








Woodboring insects



Aquatic systems





Aquatic systems



Aquatic systems- evidence of microbes

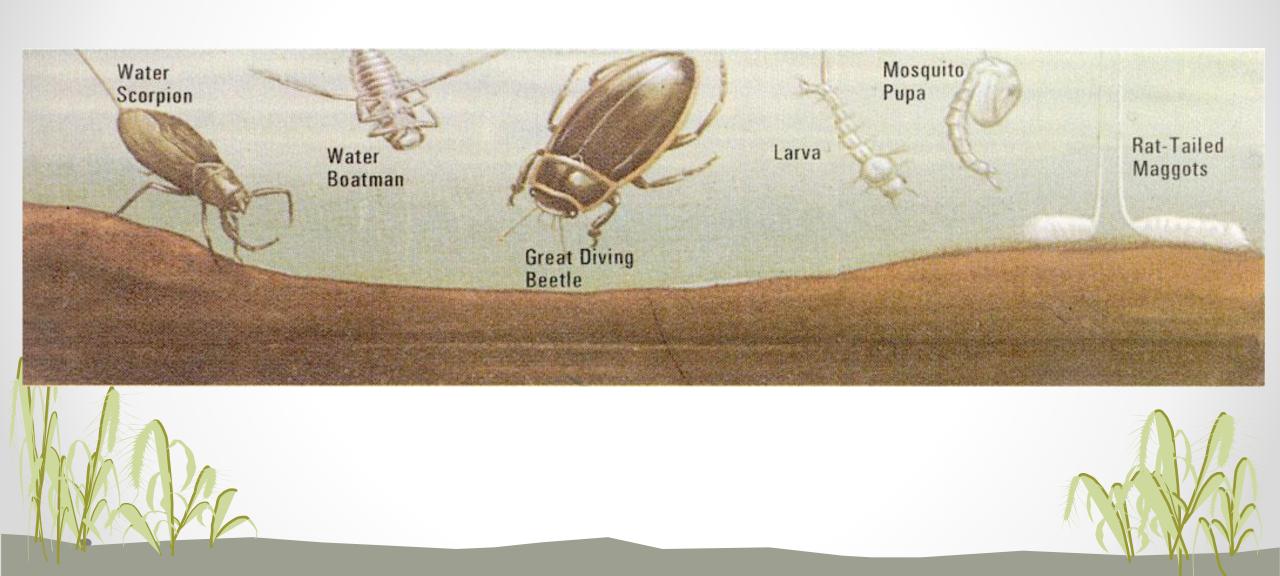




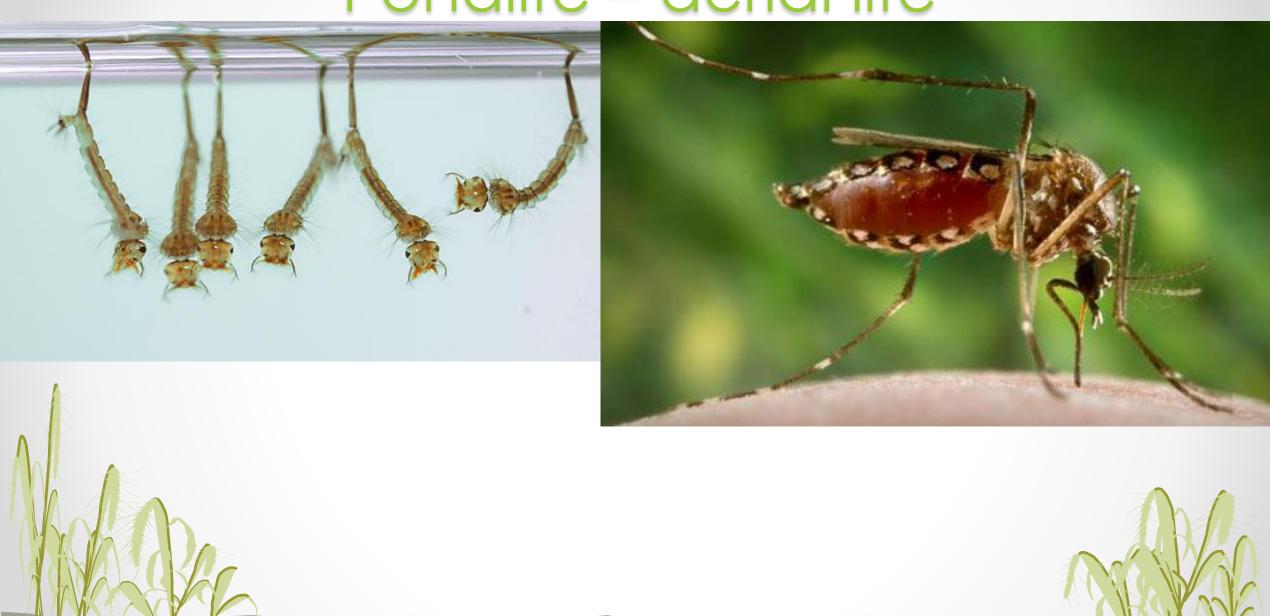
Aquatic systems



Pond life



Pondlife – aerial life



Non – biting midges

Chironomidae



Biting midges – (no see ums) Ceratopogonidae

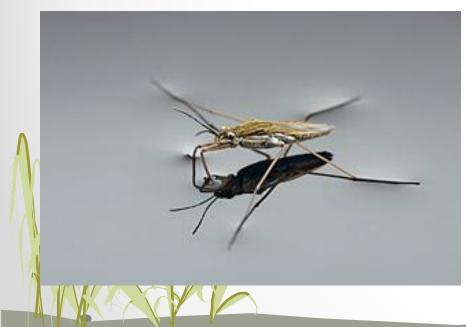






Pond life









Concluding statements

- Create the conditions and specific plants will thrive
- If a specific animal species is to be encouraged make sure the food source is there
- A diversity of habitats produces greater animal/plant species list
- Continuous corridors of safe habitat allows population movement and gene flow. - Prevents small populations and genetic inbreeding.

Thank you



